

# Agenda for 19 Dec 2014: Oil & Gas, Offshore and Oilfields Service

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Oil price forecast

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Robust portfolio in oil-related exposure

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**Portfolio overview** 

Oil & Gas - details

Offshore - details

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Magnus Piene

Head of Offshore Section

Morten Kreutz

Head of Oilfield Services Section

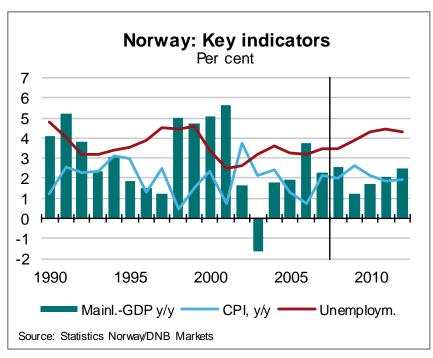
Trygve Young & Bjørn Erik Næss

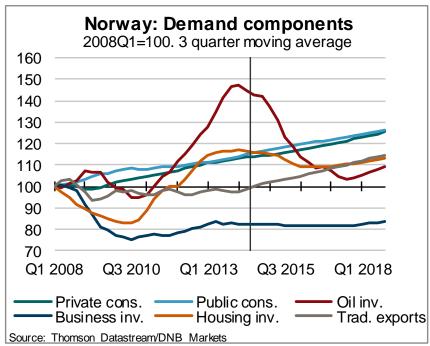
Chief Risk Officer Chief Financial Officer **Oilfield Services - details** 

Q&A

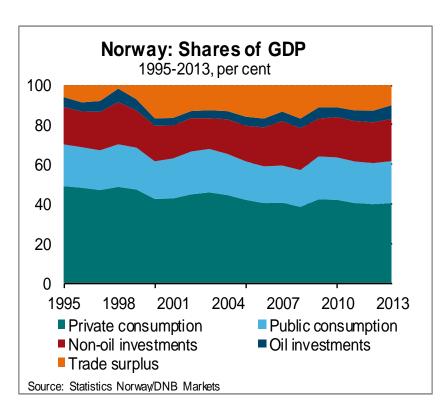
**Concluding remarks** 

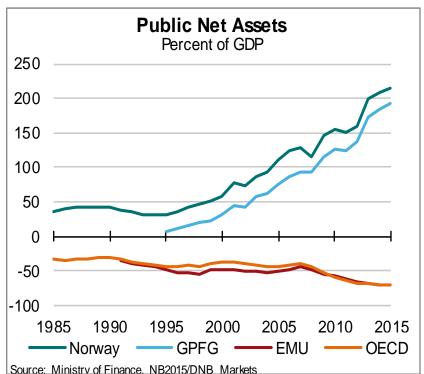
#### Norway: Soft landing



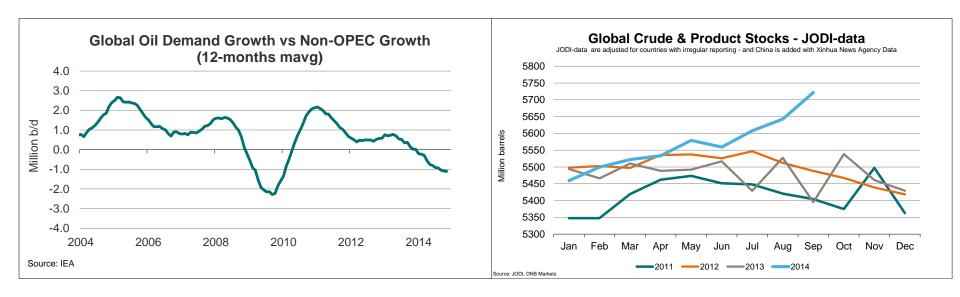


### Norway: A robust economy Oil investments 7% of GDP. Ample fiscal leeway.





### Updated oil price estimate – short term volatility - stabilising at 65-75\$/brl for 2015 and 75-85\$/brl for 2016





# We are now positive to the future oil price - the oil market is now overshooting to the downside

| H            | Historical   | Historical       |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|--------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Nominal \$/b |              | Real (2015) \$/b | Spot Brent History & FWD looking                         |  |  |  |
| 2001         | 24.4         | 32.2             |  |  |  |  |
| 2002         | 25.0         | 32.4             | 160 ————————————————————————————————————                 |  |  |  |
| 2003         | 28.8         | 36.5             |  |  |  |  |
| 2004         | 38.3         | 47.2             | 140  |  |  |  |
| 2005         | 54.5         | 65.0             |  |  |  |  |
| 2006         | 65.1         | 75.3             | 1.0  |  |  |  |
| 2007         | 72.4         | 81.3             | 120  |  |  |  |
| 2008         | 97.3         | 105.2            |  |  |  |  |
| 2009         | 61.7         | 67.0             | 100  |  |  |  |
| 2010         | 79.5         | 84.9             |  |  |  |  |
| 2011         | 111.3        | 115.2            | \$ 80 <b>-</b>   |  |  |  |
| 2012         | 111.7        | 113.3            | 00 - A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A                 |  |  |  |
| 2013         | 108.7        | 108.7            |  |  |  |  |
| 2014         | 100.0        | 100.0            | 60 // 4  |  |  |  |
| Forecast     |              | Forecast         | , N° V   |  |  |  |
| <b>N</b>     | Nominal \$/b | Real (2015) \$/b | 40   |  |  |  |
| Q1-15        | 65           | 65               | A ./   |  |  |  |
| Q2-15        | 66           | 66               |  |  |  |  |
| Q3-15        | 72           | 72               | 20   |  |  |  |
| Q4-15        | 76           | 76               | •  |  |  |  |
| 2015         | 70           | 70               | 0  |  |  |  |
| 2016         | 80           | 79               | 1995 1998 2001 2004 2007 2010 2013 2016 2019             |  |  |  |
| 2017         | 85           | 82               | Describle range —— FMD (naminal)                         |  |  |  |
| 2018         | 88           | 84               | Possible range —— FWD (nominal)                          |  |  |  |
| 2019         | 91           | 85               | Forecast nominal Historical                              |  |  |  |
| 2020         | 95           | 86               | Source: Reuters, DNB Markets —— Forecast real (2014 USD) |  |  |  |

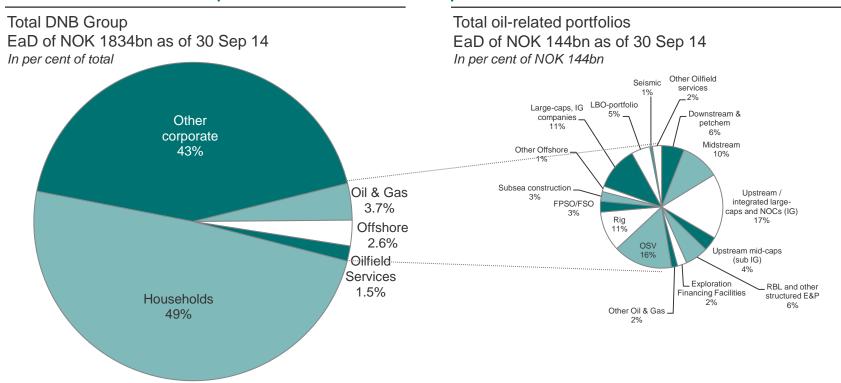


#### Credit strategy for the DNB Group

- We are a long term relationship oriented bank
- Focus on quality of management
- We have a low-risk portfolio strategy
- We finance corporate risk based on debt service ability (cash flow), not assets alone
- Exposure to non-investment grade companies is secured and followed up by covenants
- We finance industry sectors where we have institutional industry sector competence, and we have been in the oil related industries since oil was discovered on the Norwegian Continental Shelf



# DNB has a well diversified oil-related portfolio - 8% of total Group EaD to oil related portfolios



#### Oil & Gas, Offshore and Oilfield Services – An overview

| DNB Group as of 30 Sept 2014                   | Oil & Gas | Offshore | Oilfield<br>Services |
|--|-----------|----------|----------------------|
| Total portfolio, EaD, NOK billion              | 68        | 48       | 28                   |
| Total portfolio, drawn amount, NOK billion     | 25        | 26       | 11                   |
| Average grade*                                 | 3.8       | 4.9      | 4.8                  |
| Expected loss                                  | 0.08%     | 0.19%    | 0.16%                |
| Number of client groups                        | 85        | 55       | 75                   |
| Number of employees in sector                  | 24        | 23       | 17                   |
| No. of clients in grade 8-10 (PD > 3%)         | 2         | 4        | 3                    |
| EaD of clients in grade 8-10, NOK billion      | 0.2       | 1.5      | 0.6                  |
| 10 largest client groups in % of total segment | 31%       | 44%      | 43%                  |
| 20 largest client groups in % of total segment | 47%       | 65%      | 64%                  |

<sup>\*</sup> DNB's risk grade system: 1 represents the lowest risk and 10 the highest risk. EaD: Exposure at default, PD: Probability of default

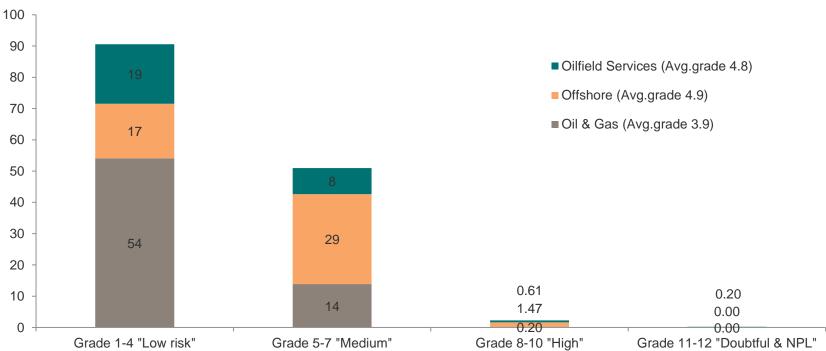
#### Proactively handling the uncertainty & market turbulence

- Monitoring of our portfolio is given top priority in the current situation with oil price turbulence
- We have reviewed our oil, gas, offshore and oilfield service portfolios
- We actively manage our credits/clients
- Those who are performing, but not in accordance with their business plans require additional attention, and are placed on (the so-called) «Watch-list», it's our early warning tool!
- Watch-listed companies are reviewed quarterly, as a minimum
- We allocate additional expertise and resources to clients and sub-portfolios with higher risk
- We are continuously evaluating which clients to put on "Watch-list", and what actions to be taken



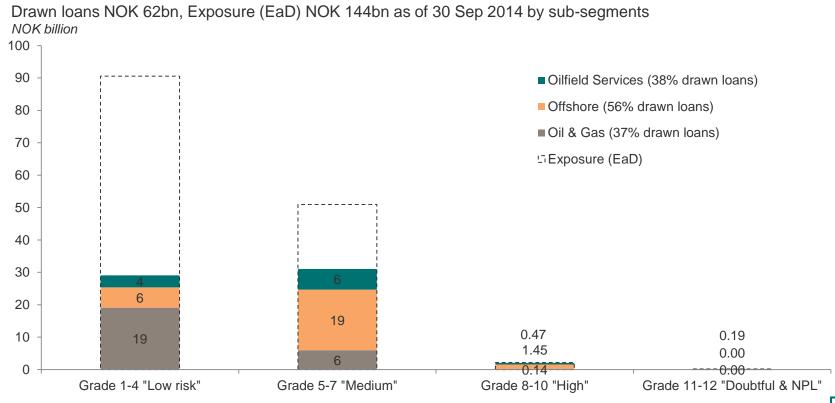
#### 63% of our portfolio is low-risk and 35% is medium risk

DNB's oil-related portfolio split by sub-segment in exposure (EaD) NOK 144bn as of 30 Sep 2014 NOK billion



EaD: Exposure at Default, PD: Probability of default. Risk grade system, please see back up slide for details. DNB's risk classification system, where 1 represents the lowest risk and 10 the highest risk. All figures as of 30 Sept 2014.

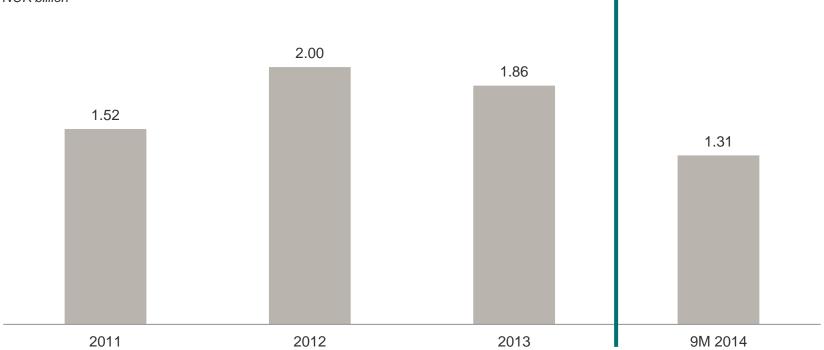
### Outstanding loans to oil, offshore and oil service are 43% of EaD - Large part of remaining exposure is guarantees and back-stops to investment grade



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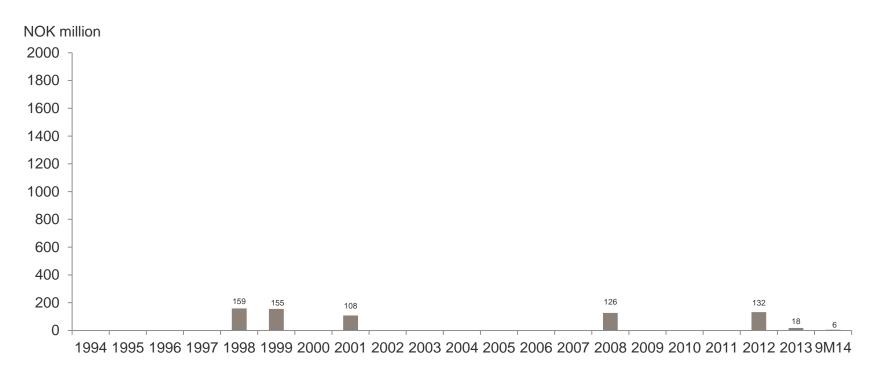
# Highly profitable portfolio - within DNB's Oil & Gas, Offshore and Oilfield Service sectors

DNB's oil-related portfolios - profit before tax and impairments from 2011 till 30 Sep 2014 NOK billion



<sup>\*</sup> Oil, offshore and oilfield services units are all part of the business unit Large Corporate & International

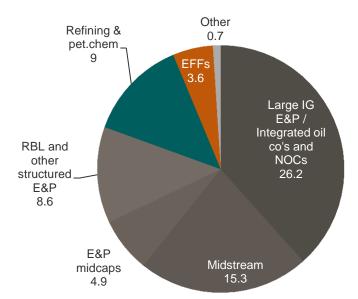
### Historical low impairments in absolute levels - Oil & Gas, Offshore and Oilfield Services sectors



### Oil & Gas - It's a well diversified portfolio

robust to oil price movements

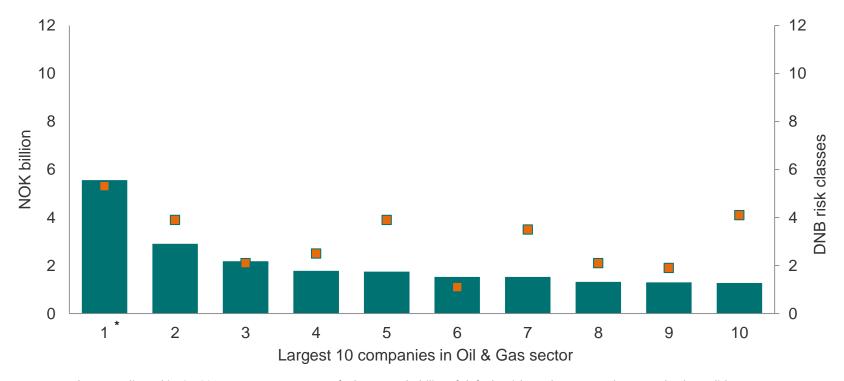
Oil & Gas exposure - NOK 68bn (4% of total Group EaD) Average grade 3.8, NOK 41bn (60%) to investment grade NOK billion



- Large IG E&P/ integrated and national oil companies: (Grade 2.1). In general large, diversified companies with robust balance sheets and ample liquidity that can sustain a significant drop in oil price.
- Midstream: (Grade 3.2)
   Mainly companies with infrastructure (pipelines, etc.) assets. 69% of EaD is IG. Limited sensitivity to commodity price movements.
- Exploration & Production (E&P) mid-caps: (Grade 3.9) Typically more robust than RBL.
- Reserved based lending (RBL) / other struct. E&P: (Grade 4.3)
   Bank debt is based on certain assumptions (reserves/ production volumes, commodity prices, capex, etc). Well structured, i.e. "very early" covenants and collateral-based. For RBLs, semi-annual redeterminations of borrowing base. As to price decks used for RBL:

   Price decks used for debt sizing purposes never been higher than low to mid \$70ies.
   In our credit analysis we run sensitivity cases at oil prices below \$60/bbl, and we run a 1 year liquidity test at \$35/bbl.
- Primarily margin based business. 47% of EaD is IG. Less sensitive to commodity price movements.
- Exploration financing facilities (EFFs): (Grade 5.4)
  Secured financing of tax refund (related to exploration) from the Norwegian State. No direct oil-price risk.

### Oil & Gas: 10 largest exposures - 29% of Oil & Gas' exposure (EaD)

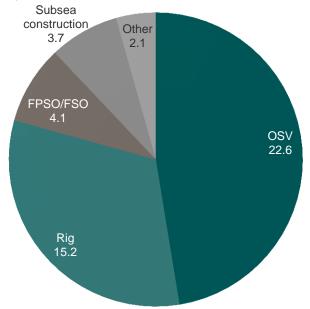


<sup>\*</sup> Has been syndicated in Q4 2014. EaD: Exposure at Default, PD: Probability of default. Risk grade system, please see back up slide for details. DNB's risk classification system, where 1 represents the lowest risk and 10 the highest risk. All figures as of 30 Sept 2014

### Offshore - solid companies and high contract coverage - The direct risk factor is not oil price, but the activity level and day-rates

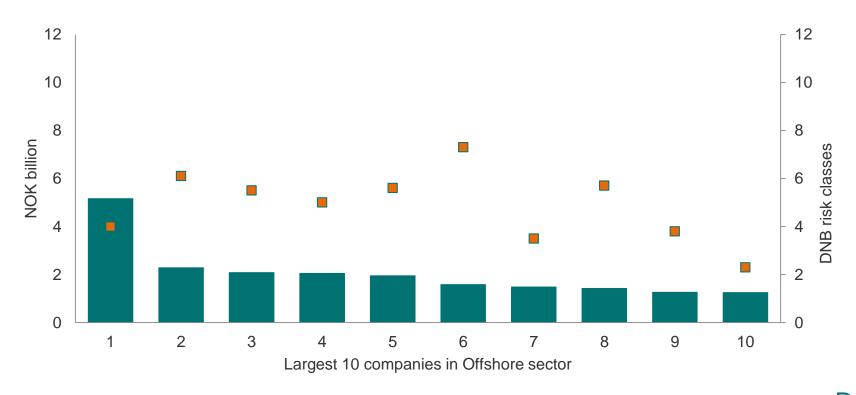
Offshore exposure - NOK 48bn (3% of total Group EaD) Average grade: 4.8

NOK billion



- Offshore service vessels (OSV): (Grade 5.6)
  Mainly corporates with modern fleets (6-8 years) and good contract coverage (60% for 2015)
  Substantial part of the fleet supports existing infrastructure as well as activities related to inspection, maintenance & repair (IRM)
- Rig: (Grade 4.0)
   More than 40% of EaD are either investment grade (IG) companies or have full contract coverage. Primarily latest generation rigs. 75% weighted average contract coverage for 2015 (61% for 2016 and 43% for 2017).
- FPSO/FSO: (Grade 4.3)
  Primarily full contract coverage to strong counterparties
  Mainly full amortisation during contract period
- Subsea constructions: (Grade 3.9)
   Low short term oil price dependency, as it's linked to approved field development projects

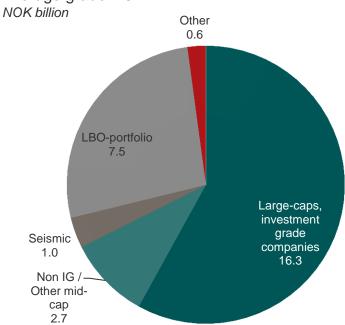
### Offshore: 10 largest exposures - 44% of Offshore's exposure (EaD)



EaD: Exposure at Default, PD: Probability of default. Risk grade system, please see back up slide for details. DNB's risk classification system, where 1 represents the lowest risk and 10 the highest risk. All figures as of 30 Sept 2014

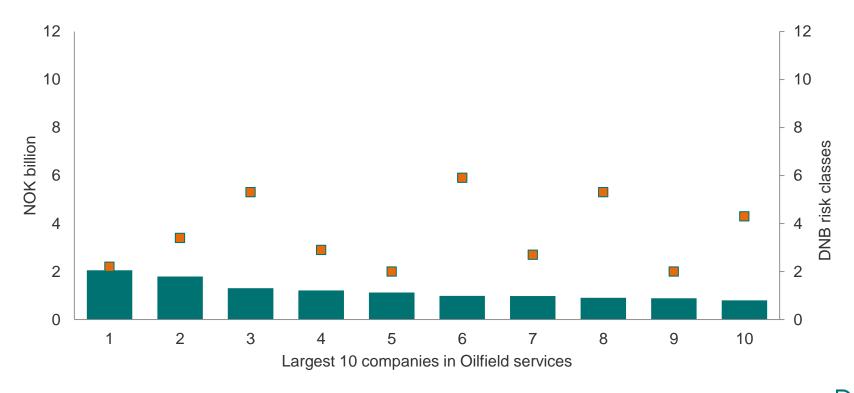
# Oilfield Services exposure - Mainly low risk exposure

Oilfield Services - NOK 28bn (1% of total Group EaD) Average grade 4.8



- Large caps investment grade companies: (Grade 2.8)
   ~60% of EaD in large cap, global investment grade
   companies. Primarily US based.
- Non-investment grade oilfield services/other midcaps: (Grade 4.8)
   Wide range of companies through the oil and gas service value chain. Medium/small caps only close to home.
- Seismic: (Grade 5.8)
   Limited exposure EaD of NOK 1bn
   Dominant part is short-term working capital financing.
- Leveraged buyout (LBO): (Grade 6.0)
   EaD of NOK 7.5bn mainly related to development and production. LBO financing only close to home. Careful selection of sponsors in the LBO space. Acceptance of higher financial risk only if coupled with low operational risk. Prefer clients with less dependence on oil companies' CAPEX budgets.

# Oilfield Services: 10 largest exposures - 43% of Oilfield Services' exposure (EaD)



EaD: Exposure at Default, PD: Probability of default. Risk grade system, please see back up slide for details. DNB's risk classification system, where 1 represents the lowest risk and 10 the highest risk. All figures as of 30 Sept 2014

### DNB's impairment is expected to stay below normalised levels in 2015

#### Oil-related:

- We have a strong portfolio going into this situation
- Institutional competence
- Experience and resources allocated to handle the situation

#### **DNB Group:**

• For 2014 we reiterate earlier guidance for the DNB Group of below NOK 2bn

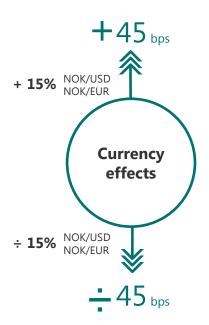


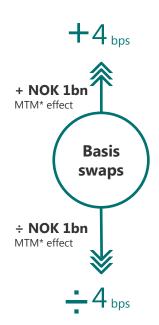
#### CET1 ratio is sensitive to currency fluctuations

other external factors have less impact

#### **Factors affecting the CET1 ratio**

2016 effect, bps







# Q & A



#### Appendix

- DNB Grading vs external ratings
- The offshore and oilfield service value chain

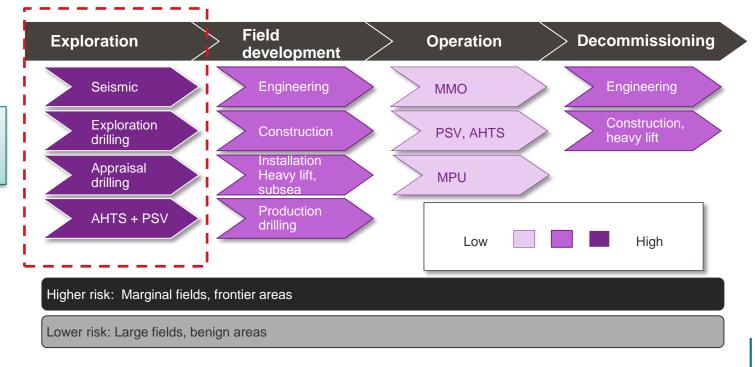


#### DNB Grading vs external ratings

| DNB Grade | Pd       |                  | S&P           | Moody's        |
|-----------|----------|------------------|---------------|----------------|
| 1.a       | 0,015 %  | Investment grade | AAA - AA+     | Aaa - Aa1      |
| 1.b       | 0,035 %  | $\downarrow$     | AA - AA-      | Aa2 - Aa3      |
| 1.c       | 0,050 %  | $\downarrow$     | A+            | A1             |
| 1.d       | 0,070 %  | $\downarrow$     | А             | A2             |
| 1.e       | 0,090 %  | $\downarrow$     | A-            | A3             |
| 2.a       | 0,130 %  | $\downarrow$     | BBB+          | Baa1           |
| 2.b       | 0,220 %  | $\downarrow$     | BBB           | Baa2           |
| 3         | 0,390 %  | $\downarrow$     | BBB-          | Baa3           |
| 4         | 0,670 %  | $\downarrow$     | BB+           | Ba1            |
| 5         | 1,170 %  | High yield       | BB            | Ba2            |
| 6         | 1,630 %  | $\downarrow$     |               |                |
| 7         | 2,030 %  | $\downarrow$     | BB-           | Ba3            |
| 8         | 3,510 %  | $\downarrow$     | B+            | B1             |
| 9         | 6,080 %  | $\downarrow$     | В             | B2             |
| 10.a      | 10,540 % | $\downarrow$     | B-            | B3             |
| 10.b      | 18,270 % | $\downarrow$     | CCC+          | Caa1           |
| 10.C      | 25,000 % | $\downarrow$     | CCC og lavere | Caa2 og lavere |
| 10.D      | 40,000 % | $\downarrow$     |               |                |
| 11        |          | Doubtful         |               |                |
| 12        |          | Non-performing   |               |                |

#### The offshore and oilfield service value chain

Activities within the early phase of value chain are the first to be cut in a time of low oil prices.



#### **DISCLAIMER**

#### CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

The statements contained in this presentation may include forward-looking statements such as statements of future expectations. These statements are based on the management's current views and assumptions and involve both known and unknown risks and uncertainties.

Although DNB believes that the expectations reflected in any such forward-looking statements are reasonable, no assurance can be given that such expectations will prove to have been correct.

Actual results, performance or events may differ materially from those set out or implied in the forward-looking statements. Important factors that may cause such a difference include, but are not limited to: (i) general economic conditions, (ii) performance of financial markets, including market volatility and liquidity (iii) the extent of credit defaults, (iv) interest rate levels, (v) currency exchange rates, (vi) changes in the competitive climate, (vii) changes in laws and regulations, (viii) changes in the policies of central banks and/ or foreign governments, or supra-national entities.

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